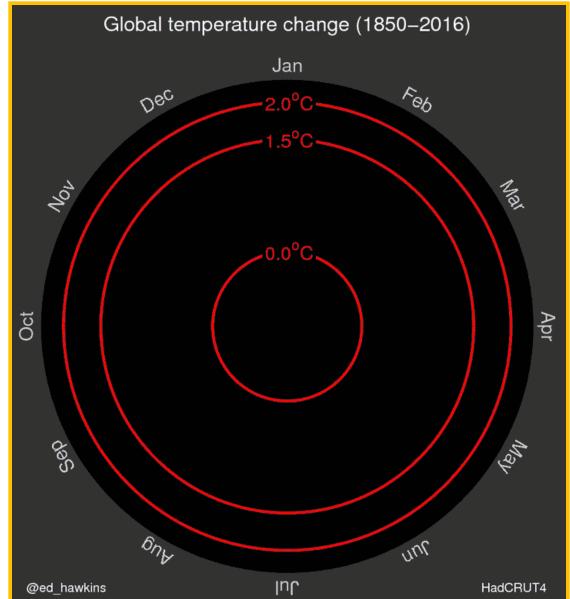
Oregon Climate Health Program!

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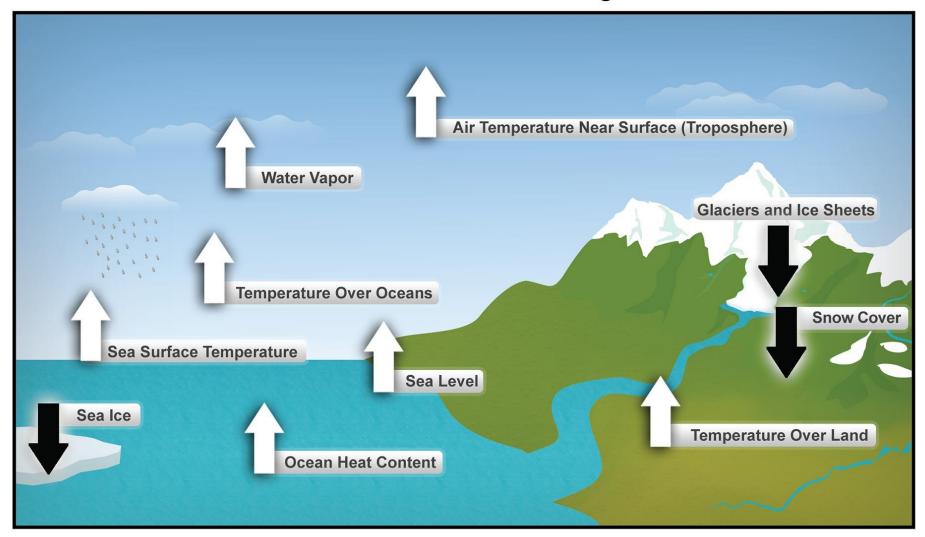


Global Average Temperatures have been increasing

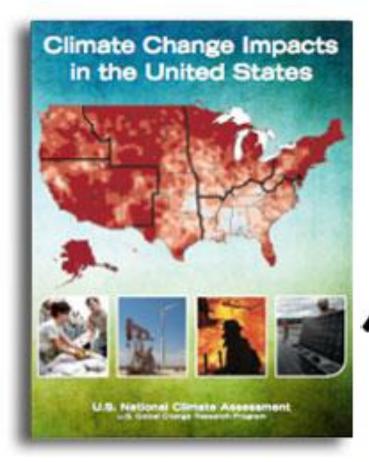




Ten Indicators of a Warming World



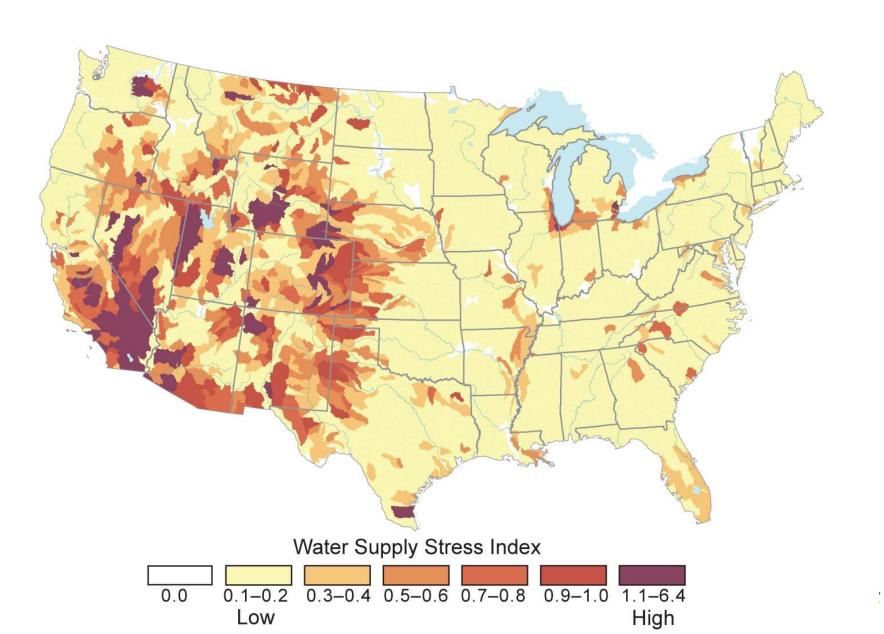






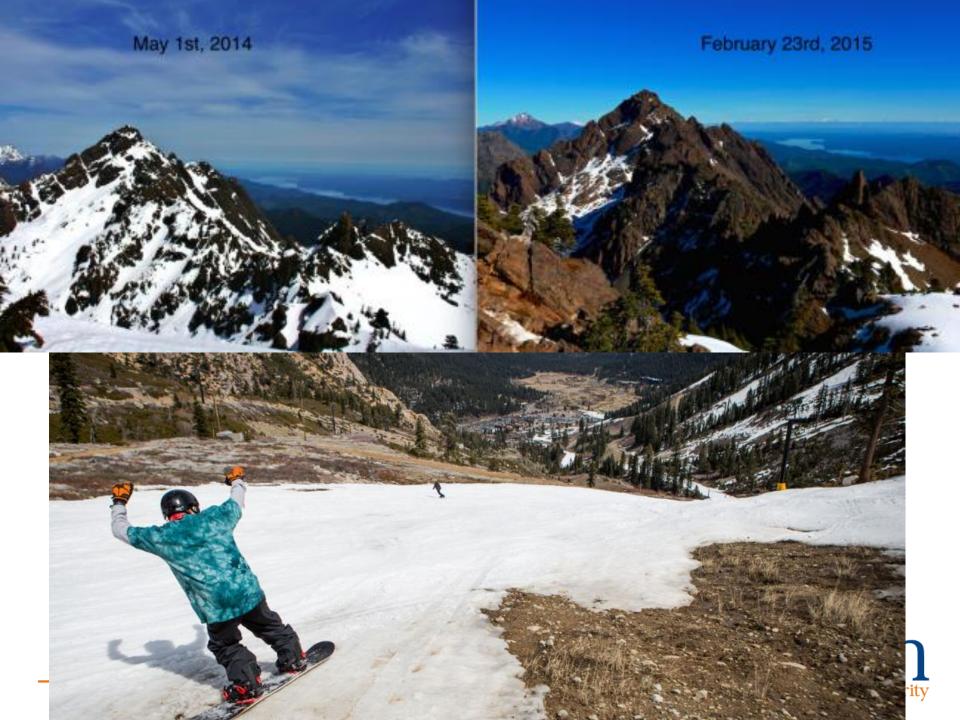


Water Stress in the U.S.

















Impact of Climate Change on Human Health

Injuries, fatalities, mental health impacts

Asthma, cardiovascular disease

Heat-related illness and death, cardiovascular failure

Severe Mir Pollution

RISING PATURES

WOO

AIT

POLITICAL

AIT

Changes in Vector Ecology

Malaria, dengue,
encephalitis, hantavirus,
Rift Valley fever,
Lyme disease,
chikungunya,
West Nile virus

Forced migration, civil conflict, mental health impacts

Environmental Degradation

Extreme

Heat

Increasing Allergens

Respiratory allergies, asthma

Water and Food Supply Impacts

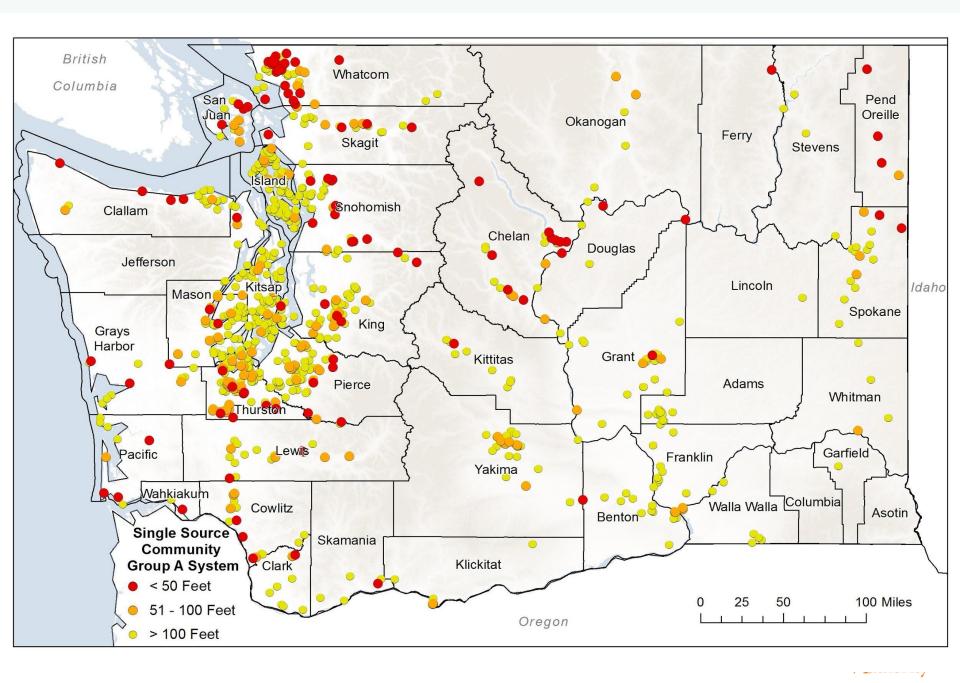
Water Quality Impacts

Malnutrition, diarrheal disease

Cholera,
cryptosporidiosis,
campylobacter, leptospirosis,
harmful algal blooms







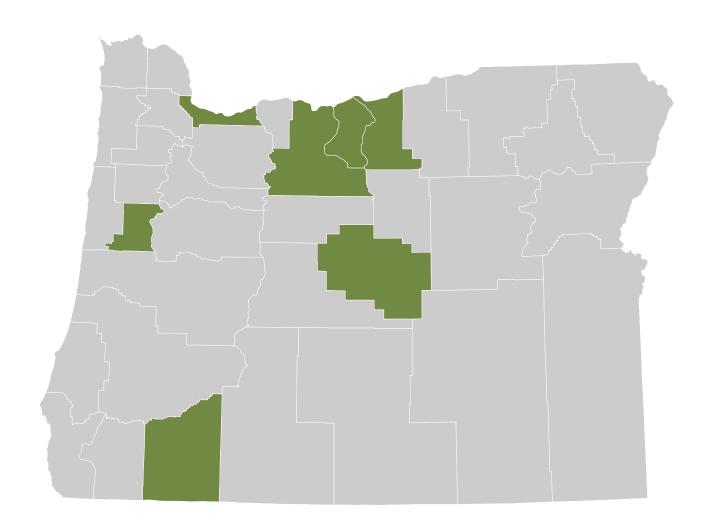
98% of local health departments in Oregon have indicated only minimal ability to identify and prevent environmental health hazards.





- 1. INVOLVE
- 2. PARTNER
- 3. ASSESS
- 4. PLAN
- 5. PREPARE
- 6. COMMUNICATE
- 7. LEAD

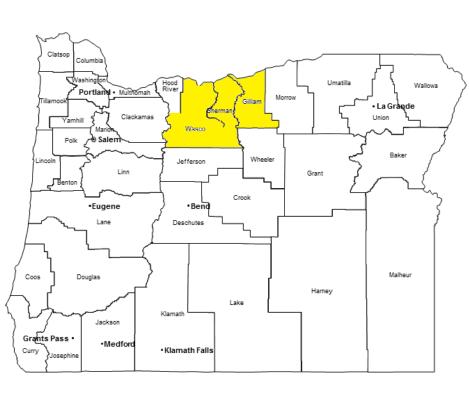


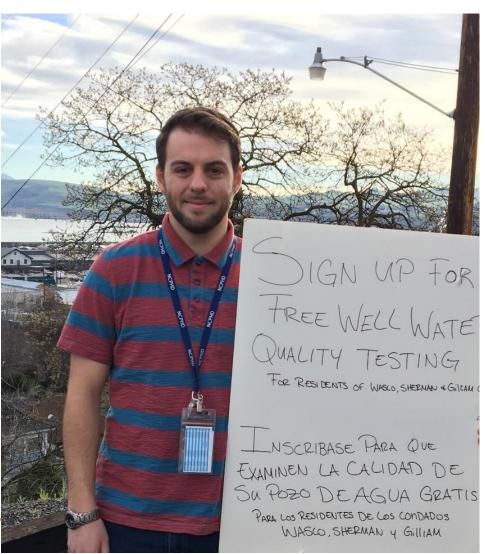




North Central Health District

Wasco, Sherman, and Gilliam Counties





Nitrates



May Cause Pancreatic Cancer

Daily intake of processed meats, which are high in nitrates, seems to increase the risk for pancreatic cancer



Linked to Alzheimer's & Diabetes

Research shows that nitrates may affect brain health and insulin reactions



May Harm Your Baby

Too many nitrates or nitrites can cause a condition known as methemoglobinemia or "blue baby syndrome"



Arsenic

Nervous System

Impaired intellectual function Impaired motor function Neuropathy

Cardiovascular System

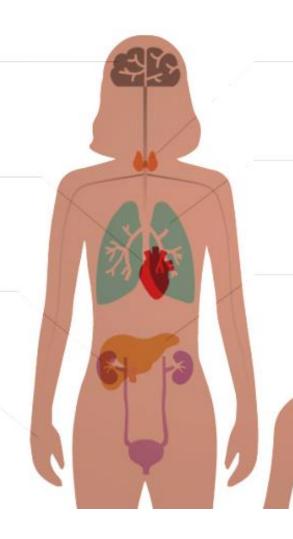
Coronary heart disease Hypertension Heart attack

Renal System

Kidney cancer Bladder cancer

Skin

Skin lesions Skin cancer



Endocrine System

Diabetes Impaired glucose tolerance in pregnant women

Respiratory System

Pulmonary tuberculosis Bronchiectasis Lung cancer

Liver cancer

Developmental Process

Increased cancer risk as adults
Increased infant mortality
Neurological impairment
Reduced birth weight



Climate Impacts on Human Health

Heat-related Illness

- » Increasing temperatures and heat wave days result in elevated body temperatures. This can lead to heat stroke, heat syncope, heat exhaustion, heat cramps and heat rash.
- » Vulnerable groups:
 - · Pregnant women
 - · Older adults
 - Children
 - Low-income persons
- Socially isolated individuals
- · Outdoor workers
- · Urban residents
- Communities of color

Allergens

- » Increasing pollen counts and pollen potency result from rising temperatures and carbon dioxide levels. Increasing mold growth following storms and flooding also causes higher rates of allergic rhinitis and asthma attacks.
- » Vulnerable groups:
 - · People with preexisting conditions
 - Children

Vector-borne disease

» Stagnant water bodies caused by heat or drought provide a habitat for pests, such as mosquitoes and ticks. Higher temperatures also change the life cycle of certain pests that transmit diseases, such as West Nile virus and



- » Displacement, illness and injury because of environmental changes can lead to anxiety, depression, suicidal ideation and disruption of social networks. Exposure to pollution has been linked to developmental delays in children.
- » Vulnerable groups:
 - Coastal communities
 - · American Indians
 - · Farm workers
 - · Urban residents

Respiratory disease and illness

- » Air pollution and smoke from wildfires can exacerbate preexisting conditions and cause new respiratory diseases and illness.
- » Vulnerable groups:
 - People with preexisting conditions
 - · Children
 - · Older adults

Gastrointestinal disease

- » Winter storms, flooding and harmful algal blooms can contaminate drinking water with viruses, parasites and bacteria that cause GI illness.
- .. 37.1..............



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